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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/029,198	12/28/2001	Jong Dae Kim	0465-0883P	5402	
2292 7	11/01/2006		EXAM	EXAMINER	
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH			KUMAR, SRI	KUMAR, SRILAKSHMI K	
PO BOX 747 FALLS CHURCH, VA 22040-0747			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
, ==			2629		
			DATE MAILED: 11/01/2006	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

Office Action Summary		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/029,198	KIM, JONG DAE				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Srilakshmi K. Kumar	2629				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE in a solid part of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
1)[[	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>04 Au</u>	iaust 2006.					
, · ·	This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☐ This action is non-final.						
′=	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
٠,۵	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositi	on of Claims						
4)⊠	4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-16,19 and 20</u> is/are pending in the application.						
-	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
· —	5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1,3-16,19 and 20</u> is/are rejected.						
•	_						
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
	on Papers	·					
		_					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).  Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).  a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
/-	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
•	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachmen	t(s)						
_	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary	(PTO-413)				
2) 🔲 Notic	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	te				
	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	5)	atent Application				

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

The following office action is in response to the amendment filed on August 4, 2006. Claims 1, 3-16, 19 and 20 are pending. Claims 2, 17 and 18 are cancelled. Claims 1, 3, 4, 11-16 have been amended.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 1, 3-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

With respect to claim 1, applicant amends the claim to recite, "a timing controller outputting to the <u>respective</u> source drivers at least two clock signals having different phases", "at least two data buses transmitting the data separately output from the timing controller to the <u>respective</u> source drivers, <u>respectively</u>,".

The limitation of "to the respective source drivers" is indefinite and unclear as to which source drivers the applicant is claiming. The limitation does not specify any particular groupings of the source drivers, therefore, Examiner considers this limitation to be indefinite. Examiner requests the applicant clarify the limitation.

#### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

3. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

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(e) the invention was described in a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent, or on an international application by another who has fulfilled the requirements of paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of section 371(c) of this title before the invention thereof by the applicant for patent.

- 4. The changes made to 35 U.S.C. 102(e) by the American Inventors Protection Act of 1999 (AIPA) and the Intellectual Property and High Technology Technical Amendments Act of 2002 do not apply when the reference is a U.S. patent resulting directly or indirectly from an international application filed before November 29, 2000. Therefore, the prior art date of the reference is determined under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) prior to the amendment by the AIPA (pre-AIPA 35 U.S.C. 102(e)).
- 5. Claims 1, 5, 11, 16, 19, and 20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakano et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,529,181).

With reference to claims 1, 11, and 16, Nakano et al. teaches a liquid crystal display device comprising a LCD panel (10); a plurality of source drivers (130) applying data signals to the LCD panel; a plurality of gate drivers (140) applying gate driving signals to the LCD panel; a timing controller (100) outputting to the respective source drivers at least two clock signals (D4, 131; D5, 132) having different phases (see column 6, lines 30-37), the timing controller separately outputting RGB (134) data synchronized with each output signal to the source drivers (see column 7, lines 15-23); and at least two data buses transmitting the data separately output from the timing controller to the respective source drivers (see column 6, line 30-column 7, line 23), wherein the at least two data buses are connected between the timing controller and the respective source drivers (see Figure 1), a number of data buses (131-133,141) are in proportion to a number of clock signals (D4, D5, D1, G1) output from the timing controller (100), and the source drivers (130) separately sample the data (see column 6, lines 21-63). With further

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reference to *claims 11 and 16*, Nakano et al. also teaches that the first clock signal (D4) is transmitted to odd-numbered drain drivers (130) and clock signal (D5) is transmitted to even numbered drain drivers (130) (see column 6, lines 38-43).

With reference to **claim 5**, Nakano et al. teaches that the fist and second clock signals (D4, D5) have opposite phase to each other (see column 6, lines 30-37).

With reference to claims 19 and 20, Nakano et al. teaches that the at least two data buses (131-133, 141) are separated from each other (see Figure 1).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 6. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 7. Claims 3, 4, 7-9, 12-15, 17, and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakano et al. (U.S. Patent No. 6,529,181) in view of Uchino (U.S. Patent No. 6,040,816).

With reference to claims 3, 4, 12, and 14, While Nakano et al. teaches all as required and explained above with reference to claims 1 and 11, there fails to be any teaching of the timing controller outputting data synchronized with the rising and falling edge time of each clock signal.

Uchino teaches that the data is synchronized with a rising edge time and falling edge time of each clock signal (see Figure 2).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to allow the data to be synchronized with the rising and falling edge time of the clock signal as taught by Uchino in the system similar to that which is taught by Nakano et al. in order to thereby reduce noise and providing a clearer display to the user.

With reference to claims 7, 8, 13, 15, 17, and 18, While Nakano et al. teaches all as required and explained above with reference to claims 1 and 11, there fails to be any teaching of the source driver samples data in the falling edge time when the data synchronized with the rising edge timing or that the driver samples data in the rising edge time when the data synchronized in the falling edge timing is output.

Uchino teaches that the source driver samples data (A1-A3) synchronized with a rising edge of the data synchronized with a falling edge of each clock signal that is output (see Figure 2).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to allow the data to be synchronized with the rising and falling edge time of the clock signal as taught by Uchino in the system similar to that which is taught by Nakano et al. in order to thereby reduce noise and providing a clearer display to the user.

With reference to **claim 9**, while Nakano et al. teaches a first clock signal (D4) for driving odd drain drivers and a second clock signal (D5) for driving even drain drivers (see column 6, lines 38-43), there fails to be any disclosure of the odd numbered display data output being synchronized with a rising edge of the first clock signal, or an even numbered display data synchronized with a rising edge of the second clock signal is output.

Uchino teaches that the source driver samples data (A1-A3) synchronized with a rising edge of the data synchronized with a falling edge of each clock signal that is output (see Figure 2).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to allow for synchronization as taught by Uchino in a system which drives odd and even display data as taught by Nakano et al. in order to reduce the amount of crosstalk and thereby enhancing the resolution of the liquid crystal panel.

8. Claims 2, 6, and 10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Nakano et al. as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Itakura (U.S. Patent No. 5,252,957).

With reference to claim 2, 6, and 10 Nakano et al. teaches all that is required as explained above, however fail to specifically teach that the number of data busses is in proportion to the number of clock signals.

Itakura teaches an AMLCD wherein three busses carry three clock signals (CK13) and three different busses carry video data R, G, and B (see Figure 1). With further reference to claim 6, it is taught that the three clock signals have different phases to one another (see Figure 3).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art to allow the usage of the same amount of data busses as clock busses as taught by Itakura in a device similar to that which is disclosed by Nakano in order to thereby further reduce the amount of crosstalk n order to enhance the display qualities.

### Response to Arguments

9. Applicant's arguments filed August 4, 2006 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The applicant argues that Nakano and Uchino fails to disclose or suggest the timing controller separately outputting R/G/B data synchronized with each output signal to the source

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drivers and the source drivers separately sample the data to thereby reduce electricity consumption. Examiner, respectfully, disagrees. Nakano teaches the timing controller (100) separately outputting RGB data synchronized with each output signal to the source drivers (see column 6, lines 21-29, column 7, lines 15-23). As to the limitation of the separate sampling of the data to reduce electricity consumption, the MPEP describes the limitation to be written in Functional Language, wherein if the structure is taught then it is an inherent function for the structure to obtain the same results (see MPEP 2114). Therefore, since Nakano teaches the structural limitations as recited in the claims the device would therefore reduce electricity consumption. With respect to applicant's arguments in regards to where Nakano does not teach at least two data buses do not transmit the data to the respective source drivers, examiner, respectfully, disagrees. Nakano teaches at least two data buses transmitting the data separately output from the timing controller to the respective source drivers (see column 6, line 30-column 7, line 23), wherein the at least two data buses are connected between the timing controller and the respective source drivers (see Figure 1), a number of data buses (131-133,141). Further, Applicant amends the claims to state "respective source drivers" which is unclear and indefinite, see the 35 USC 112, second paragraph rejection, above. The combination Nakano et al. in view of Uchino and Itakura teach the limitations set forth in the instant application. Therefore, the rejection is maintained and made FINAL.

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#### Conclusion

10. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Srilakshmi K. Kumar whose telephone number is 571 272 7769. The examiner can normally be reached on 9:00 am to 5:30 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Sumati Lefkowitz can be reached on 571 272 3638. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

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Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Srilakshmi K. Kumar Examiner Art Unit 2629

SKK October 27, 2006

SUMATI LEFKOWITZ
SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER